How to be active for your health

Being active is critical for maintaining both physical and mental health, can help keep you independent, reduce the risk of falls and prevent the risk of health complications. Regular physical activity may actually prime our immune system to lessen the risk of infection. It is important to be safe while exercising, so ensure there are no trip hazards nearby, have a stable surface in arms reach for balance and let someone know you are exercising.

Warm up / Cool down Start and finish your workout with a 5 minute gentle warm up/cool down



Cardio

10 minutes of cardio at an intensity that makes you huff and puff (brisk walk around the house, stair climbing or marching on the spot)

If you are just starting out with exercise, you should progressively increase your weekly activity with a goal of at least 150 minutes of moderate or 75 minutes of vigorous intensity aerobic exercise (run/walk/swim/ride) each week and two to three resistance exercise (weights/bodyweight/bands) sessions each week.

FOR EACH OF THE 7 EXERCISES

START WITH 10-12 REPETITIONS AND PROGRESS UP TO 15 AS THE **EXERCISE BECOMES EASIER**

empo

PERFORM EXERCISES AT A CONTROLLED RATE Repeat

REPEAT THE CYCLE OF 7 EXERCISES 3 TIMES



Squats (sit to stand with a chair, progress to full squat)



Wall push up (progress to the kitchen bench or table)



Step ups on a step (alternate which leg leads)



Seated leg extension



Standing hamstring curl



Shoulder press



Calf raises



Stay hydrated



Wear appropriate footwear



Use a theraband. light dumbbells or bottles of water/ cans of soup



Try to exercise at the same time of day, so that it becomes routine

For more information contact exercisephysiology@baker.edu.au or visit baker.edu.au 🕌



If feeling unwell (lightheaded, intense chest pain) stop exercising. If you continue to feel unwell, seek medical advice or contact your GP.



